

GEORGE APOSTOLOPOULOS**DANIEL SITARU**

George Apostopoulos was born in Messolonghi, Greece at 23 January 1949. He graduated the University of Ioannina. He is member of "The Mathematical Society of Greece" and member of the tender committee. He is also a member of "The Mathematical Society" of USA, Canada and

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Chapter I PROBLEMS

Notations:

s – semiperimeter of ΔABC , F – area of ΔABC , R – circumradii, r – inradii,
 h_a, h_b, h_c – altitudes, m_a, m_b, m_c – medians, s_a, s_b, s_c – symedians,
 w_a, w_b, w_c – internal bisectors, r_a, r_b, r_c – exradii

1. Let a, b, c be positive real numbers. Prove that:

$$\frac{a^5}{a^2 + ab + b^2} + \frac{b^5}{b^2 + bc + c^2} + \frac{c^5}{c^2 + ca + a^2} \geq abc.$$

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2. Prove that in any acute-angled ΔABC with length's sides $a \geq b \geq c$ the following relationship holds:

$$a^3 + 2b^3 + c^3 \leq (a+b)(ab+c^2) + (b-c)(bc+a^2).$$

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3. Let a, b, c be positive real numbers with $a + b + c = 3$. Prove that:

$$\frac{ab(b+1)}{c} + \frac{bc(c+1)}{a} + \frac{ca(a+1)}{b} \geq 6.$$

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4. In ΔABC ; $M, N, P \in [BC]$. Prove that:

$$\sqrt[3]{AM \cdot AN \cdot AP} \left(\frac{1}{AM} + \frac{1}{AN} + \frac{1}{AP} \right) \leq \frac{5}{3} + \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{b}{c} + \frac{c}{b} \right).$$

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5. Let a, b, c be positive real numbers such that $a + b + c = 3$. Prove that:

$$\frac{a^6}{a^2 + b} + \frac{b^6}{b^2 + c} + \frac{c^6}{c^2 + a} \geq \frac{3}{2}.$$

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6. Prove that if $M \in (BC)$, $N \in (AC)$, $P \in (AB)$ then:

$$\frac{AM^2}{BN + CP} + \frac{BN^2}{CP + AM} + \frac{CP^2}{AM + BN} > \frac{F^2}{2s} \sum \frac{1}{bc \sin^2 \frac{A}{2}}.$$

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7. Let a, b, c be positive real numbers. Prove that:

$$\frac{(a^2 - ab + b^2)^2}{(a+b)^4} + \frac{(b^2 - bc + c^2)^2}{(b+c)^4} + \frac{(c^2 - ca + a^2)^2}{(c+a)^4} \geq \frac{3}{16}.$$

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8. Let be $A', A'' \in (BC)$; $B', B'' \in (AC)$; $C', C'' \in (AB)$ in ΔABC ; $AA' \cap BB' \cap CC' \neq \emptyset$. Prove that:

$$\frac{27[A'B'C']}{[A''B''C'']} \leq \left(\frac{BA'}{BA''} + \frac{CB'}{CB''} + \frac{AC'}{AC''} \right)^3.$$

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9. Let a, b be positive real numbers with $a^2 + ab + b^2 = k^2, k > 0$. Prove that:

$$\sqrt{a+b} + \sqrt[4]{ab} \leq \frac{\sqrt{2}+1}{\sqrt[4]{3}} \cdot \sqrt{k}.$$

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10. Prove that in any triangle ABC the following relationship holds:

$$3(a^a b^b c^c)^{\frac{1}{2s}} \geq \sqrt[9]{4RF} \sum (a^a b^b c^c)^{\frac{1}{3s}}.$$

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11. Let a, b be positive real numbers such that $a^2 + ab + b^2 = 9$. Find the maximal value of expression:

$$(a+b)^6 + (ab)^5 + 2(ab)^3 + (ab)^2 - 16.$$

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12. Find $x, y, z, t \in [0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$ such that:

$$\sqrt{\sin x \sin y \sin z \sin t} + \sqrt{\cos x \cos y \cos z \cos t} = 1.$$

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13. Let x, y, z be positive real numbers. Prove that:

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt[3]{(2x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1)(2y^3 + 3y^2 + 3y + 1)(2z^3 + 3z^2 + 3z + 1)} &\geq \\ &\geq xyz + 8\sqrt{xyz}. \end{aligned}$$

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14. Prove that if $a \leq b \leq c$ in ΔABC then:

$$(m_b m_c)^{m_b - m_c} (m_a m_b)^{m_a - m_b} \geq (m_a m_c)^{m_a - m_c}.$$

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15. Let x, y, z be positive real numbers with $xyz = 1$. Prove that:

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^4 + 1} + \sqrt{y^4 + 1} + \sqrt{z^4 + 1}}{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} \leq \sqrt{2}.$$

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16. Prove that in any triangle ABC the following relationship holds:

$$\sqrt{ab} + \sqrt{bc} + \sqrt{ca} \geq \sqrt[6]{4RF} (\sqrt[4]{ab} + \sqrt[4]{bc} + \sqrt[4]{ca}).$$

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17. Let a, b, c be positive real numbers such that $abc = 1$. Prove that:

$$(a^3(a+1) + b^3(b+1) + c^3(c+1)) \cdot \frac{(a^3+3)(b^3+3)(c^3+3)}{(a+1)(b+1)(c+1)} \geq 48.$$

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18. Prove that if $a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{R}^*$ then:

$$(abc - ac - bc - ac)^2 \leq 4(1 + a^2)(1 + b^2)(1 + c^2).$$

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19. Let a, b, c be positive real numbers. Prove that:

$$\frac{3a^2 + 5ab + 3b^2}{a^2 + ab + b^2} + \frac{3b^2 + 5bc + 3c^2}{b^2 + bc + c^2} + \frac{3c^2 + 5ca + 3a^2}{c^2 + ca + a^2} \leq 11.$$

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20. Prove that if $n \in \{1, 2\}$ then in any triangle ABC the following relationship holds:

$$3^{2-n} \left(\frac{a^{2n+1}}{m_a} + \frac{b^{2n+1}}{m_b} + \frac{c^{2n+1}}{m_c} \right) \geq 2\sqrt{3}(abc)^{\frac{2n}{3}}.$$

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21. Let x, y be positive real numbers with $xy = 3$. Find the minimum value of expression: $\sqrt{x^2 + 1} + \sqrt{y^2 + 1}$.

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22. Prove that if $a, b, c \in (0, 1)$ are the length's sides in any triangle ABC then:

$$\frac{(s-2)^2 + r^2 + 4rR - 1}{(s-1)^2 + r^2 + 4R(r-s)} \geq \frac{3}{\sqrt[3]{(1-a)(1-b)(1-c)}}.$$

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23. Let a, b, c be positive real numbers such that $a + b + c = 1$. Find the maximal value of the expression $A = \left(a - \frac{1}{2}\right)^3 + \left(b - \frac{1}{2}\right)^3 + \left(c - \frac{1}{2}\right)^3$.

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24. Prove that in any triangle ABC the following relationship holds:

$$6 \sum \frac{a}{2a^2 + bc} \leq s \sum \frac{1}{m_a m_b}.$$

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25. Let a, b, c be positive real numbers such that $a + b + c = 1$. Prove that:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{a^{2n+1}}{a^n + (n-1)b^n} + \frac{b^{2n+1}}{b^n + (n-1)c^n} + \frac{c^{2n+1}}{c^n + (n-1)a^n} + \frac{n-1}{n} (a^n b + b^n c + c^n a) \geq \\ & \geq \frac{1}{3^n} \end{aligned}$$

for all integers n with $n \geq 1$.

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